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jcstress
Breaking Concurrency Bad

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Concurrency testing is hard

Problems

1. Time is the external variable
2. The tests are probabilistic at best; need many runs to catch the unlucky behaviors
3. The faster the test infrastructure has to be, the more hardcore concurrency stuff it has to use, the more error-prone it is

jcstress

Experimental harness + suite of tests:

`http://openjdk.java.net/projects/code-tools/jcstress/`

- Lots of non-covered areas
- Lots of tests already (12K+)
- Found handful of bugs at SW/HW levels

Test Sample

Volatile increment atomicity test:

```
class MyTest implements ConcurrencyTest<State, Res> {
   void actor1(State s, Res r) { r.r1 = s.v++; }
   void actor2(State s, Res r) { r.r2 = s.v++; }

   class State {  volatile int v;  }
   State newState() { new State(); }
}
```

Can infer the behavior from observed (r1, r2) pairs

```
      State       Occurrences            Expectation
   [1, 1] (     1,360,407)    KNOWN_ACCEPTABLE
   [1, 2] (    57,137,771)            REQUIRED
   [2, 1] (    55,286,472)            REQUIRED
```

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The Sweet Taste of Failure

hotspot/src/share/vm/prims/unsafe.cpp[1]

```
#define GET_FIELD_VOLATILE(obj, offset, type_name, v) \
  oop p = JNIHandles::resolve(obj); \
  type_name v =
    OrderAccess::load_acquire(
       (volatile type_name*)
       index_oop_from_field_offset_long(p, offset));
```

Unsafe_GetDoubleVolatile() compiles[2] to :

```
mov     0x18(%esp),%ebp
add     %ebp,%eax
; field offset in %eax
fldl    (%eax)
fstpl   0x18(%esp)
```

---

[1] not really, see next slide

[2] native GCC, targeting i586

The Sweet Taste of Failure

```
#define GET_FIELD_VOLATILE(obj, offset, type_name, v) \
  oop p = JNIHandles::resolve(obj); \
  volatile type_name v =
    OrderAccess::load_acquire(
       (volatile type_name*)
       index_oop_from_field_offset_long(p, offset));
```

GetDoubleVolatile() actually compiles to:

```
mov     0x18(%esp),%ebp
add     %ebp,%eax
mov     0x4(%eax),%edx
mov     (%eax),%eax
mov     %eax,0x20(%esp)
mov     %edx,0x24(%esp)
mov     0x28(%esi),%esi
fldl    0x20(%esp)
mov     0x8(%esi),%eax
mov     0x4(%esi),%ebp
fstpl   0x18(%esp)
```

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The Sweet Taste of Failure

```
#define GET_FIELD_VOLATILE(obj, offset, type_name, v) \
  oop p = JNIHandles::resolve(obj); \
  volatile type_name v =
    OrderAccess::load_acquire(
       (volatile type_name*)
       index_oop_from_field_offset_long(p, offset));
```

GetDoubleVolatile() actually compiles to:

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mov     0x18(%esp),%ebp
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mov     0x28(%esi),%esi
fldl    0x20(%esp)
mov     0x8(%esi),%eax
mov     0x4(%esi),%ebp
fstpl   0x18(%esp)
```

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Tear My Heart Apart

We know the non-volatile longs/doubles are not guaranteed to be atomic. And other types?

`short s = 0;`	
`s = 0xFFFF;`	`short r1 = s;`

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JLS/JMM requires $r1 \in \{0x0000, 0xFFFF\}$.

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JLS/JMM requires $r1 \in \{0x0000, 0xFFFF\}$.

And it empirically is!

Tear My Heart Apart, #2

```
                    short s = 0;
```

`s = 0xFFFF;`	`short t = s;`
	`byte r1 = ((t >> 0) & 0xFF);`
	`byte r2 = ((t >> 8) & 0xFF);`

Tear My Heart Apart, #2

```
                    short s = 0;
```

`s = 0xFFFF;`	`short t = s;`
	`byte r1 = ((t >> 0) & 0xFF);`
	`byte r2 = ((t >> 8) & 0xFF);`

Intuitively:

$$(r1, r2) \in \{(0x00, 0x00), (0xFF, 0xFF)\}$$

Tear My Heart Apart, #2

```
                    short s = 0;
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`s = 0xFFFF;`	`short t = s;`
	`byte r1 = ((t >> 0) & 0xFF);`
	`byte r2 = ((t >> 8) & 0xFF);`

Intuitively:

$$(r1, r2) \in \{(0x00, 0x00), (0xFF, 0xFF)\}$$

Empirically:

$$(r1, r2) \in \{..., (0x00, 0xFF), (0xFF, 0x00)\}$$

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Tear My Heart Apart, #3

```
                    short s = 0;
```

`s = 0xFFFF;`	`short t = s;`
	`byte r1 = ((t >> 0) & 0xFF);`
	`byte r2 = ((t >> 8) & 0xFF);`

Tear My Heart Apart, #3

```
                    short s = 0;
-------------------------------------------------------
s = 0xFFFF;  |          short t = s;
             |  byte r1 = ((t >> 0) & 0xFF);
             |  byte r2 = ((t >> 8) & 0xFF);
```

- C1 is unaffected, C2 is failing reliably
- the same result for byte/char/short fields

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```
                    short s = 0;
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s = 0xFFFF;  |          short t = s;
             |  byte r1 = ((t >> 0) & 0xFF);
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```

- C1 is unaffected, C2 is failing reliably
- the same result for byte/char/short fields
- `volatile s` is not helping

Tear My Heart Apart, #4

```
short t = short_load(s.x);
r.r1 = byte_store(and(shift(t, 0), 0xFF)));
r.r2 = byte_store(and(shift(t, 8), 0xFF)));
```

Tear My Heart Apart, #4

```
short t = short_load(s.x);
r.r1 = byte_store(and(shift(t, 0), 0xFF)));
r.r2 = byte_store(and(shift(t, 8), 0xFF)));
```

...transforms to:

```
short t = short_load(s.x);
r.r1 = byte_store(t);
r.r2 = byte_store(shift(t, 8));
```


Tear My Heart Apart, #4

```
short t = short_load(s.x);
r.r1 = byte_store(and(shift(t, 0), 0xFF)));
r.r2 = byte_store(and(shift(t, 8), 0xFF)));
```

...transforms to:

```
short t = short_load(s.x);
r.r1 = byte_store(t);
r.r2 = byte_store(shift(t, 8));
```

...transforms to:

```
r.r1 = byte_store(unsigned_load(s.x));
r.r2 = byte_store(shift(signed_load(s.x), 8));
```

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Tear My Heart Apart, #5

```
short t = s.x;
r.r1 = (byte) ((t >> 0) & 0xFF);
r.r2 = (byte) ((t >> 8) & 0xFF);
```

...compiles to:

```
; references: %rdx = $s; %rcx = $r
 movzwl 0xc(%rdx),%r11d       ; read s.x
 mov    %r11b,0xc(%rcx)       ; store r.r1
 movswl 0xc(%rdx),%r10d       ; read s.x again!
 shr    $0x8,%r10d            ; shift
 mov    %r10b,0xd(%rcx)       ; store r.r2
```


Tear My Heart Apart, #5

```
short t = s.x;
r.r1 = (byte) ((t >> 0) & 0xFF);
r.r2 = (byte) ((t >> 8) & 0xFF);
```

...compiles to:

```
; references: %rdx = $s; %rcx = $r
 movzwl 0xc(%rdx),%r11d       ; read s.x
 mov    %r11b,0xc(%rcx)       ; store r.r1
 movswl 0xc(%rdx),%r10d       ; read s.x again!
 shr    $0x8,%r10d            ; shift
 mov    %r10b,0xd(%rcx)       ; store r.r2
```

Kiss the atomicity bye-bye!

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jcstress:

Try it. Use it. Break it.

Thanks!